Automatic Dependent
Surveillance –
Contract (ADS-C)
Climb/Descend
Procedure (CDP)
Status Update

Presented to: The Twenty Fourth Meeting

of the Informal South Pacific

ATS Coordinating Group

(ISPACG/24)

Date: 11 March – 12 March 2010



Name Change to ADS-C Climb/Descent Procedure (CDP)

- Confusion surrounding the nomenclature of the ADS-B In-Trail Procedure (ITP) and the ADS-C In-Trail Procedure (ITP)
 - Concern regarding probability of pilot/controller confusion when these procedures are utilized in the operational environment
 - FAA-originated ADS-C procedure will no longer use the term "I-T-P"
 - ADS-C procedure now referred to as ADS-C Climb and Descent Procedure (CDP)

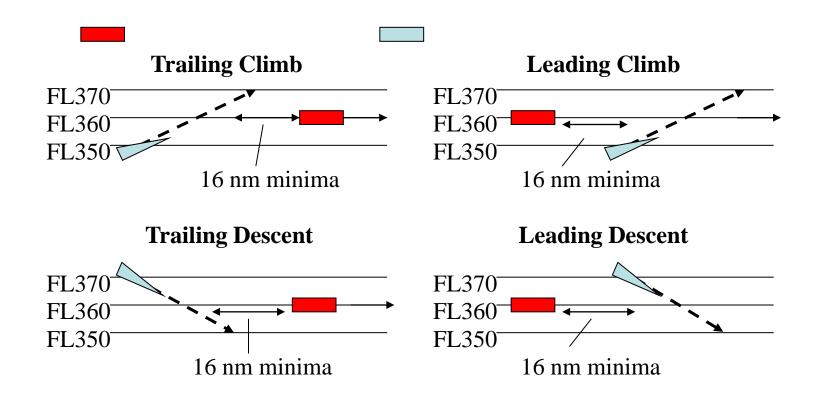
ADS-C CDP



Procedure is based on in-trail Distance
 Measuring Equipment (DME) rules in ICAO
 Doc 4444, paragraph 5.4.2.3.2.

ADS-C CDP Concept Overview

- Maneuvering aircraft will execute the climb or descent if clearance is granted
- Blocking aircraft is 1000 feet above or below the maneuvering aircraft
- CDP target altitude the maneuvering aircraft will climb or descend to if clearance is granted



ADS-C CDP

- FAA is continuing work
- Completed actions
 - -Business case
 - Hazards analysis
 - Procedure development
 - -ICAO endorsement

ADS-C CDP Goals

2010

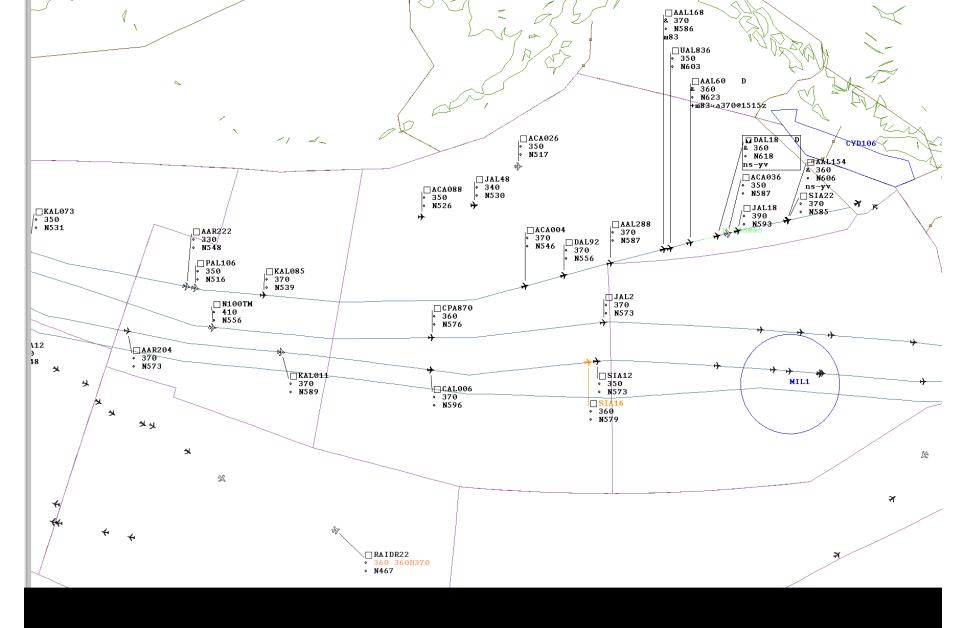
- -Finalize procedures
- Complete Safety Case Documents
- FAA approval
- Conduct Pacific operational trials

ADS-C CDP

Manually utilize
 Ocean21 current functionality
 No software changes

ADS-C CDP Trial Execution

- Oakland Oceanic FIR
- Applied between RNP4 maneuvering and blocking aircraft pairs
- Controller initiated procedure after a pilot request
- Approximately 25 percent of ZOA ADS flights currently file RNP4
- Based on Oakland ARTCC traffic, with a 35% FANS equipage rate, benefits analysis projected total combined fuel savings up to 44,000 kg or 139,040 kg of CO₂ per day



ADS-C CDP Checklist

ADS-C CDP Sta ISPACG/24 11-1

Step#	Checklist Item	<u>Ch</u> <u>or, Ir</u>	<u>eckmark</u> nsert Data
1.	Verify Maneuvering and Blocking Aircraft are RNP-4 and CPDLC Equipped then Toggle RNP-4 Rags to. "3" for Both Aircraft		
2.	Initiate ADS DEMAND For Maneuvering and Blocking Aircraft: ENTER TIME OF ADS DEMANDS		
3.	Observe Receipt of ADS Reports for Both Aircraft and Confirm that Both Reports are in Conformance (No OOC from Aircraft in Sector Queue)		
4.	If Assigned a Mach Number, write Assigned Mach Numbers in Blanks – If ngt, From ADD Report:		
	Mach Number of Maneuvering Aircraft.		
	Mach Number of Blocking Aircraft		
5.	ENTER CALLSIGN OF BLOCKING AIRCRAFT		
6.	Probe the Climb/Descent Clearance Utilizing MOPS Message 26 or 28, "CLIMB/DESCEND TO REACH (level) BY (time). (Time Inserted in Clearance <u>MUST</u> be Within 15 Minutes of Time Inserted in Step #2). If a 2 nd Profile Conflict is Generated, Open the Conflict Report Window		
7.	SAME SPEED OR FASTER AIRCRAFT IN FRONT - 1	OR OVERTAKE SITUATION	
	5a, 5b and 5c Must be Satisfied:	5d, 5e and 5f Must be Satisfied:	
	5a, From Conflict Report Window, ACTUAL Longitudinal Distance Retween Maneuvering and Blocking Aircraft AT LEAST 16 MILES	5d. From Conflict Report Window, ACTUAL Longitudinal Distance Between Maneuvering and Blocking AIRCRAFT <u>AT LEAST 26 MILES</u>	
	5b. Ergg ASD, Both Aircraft Same Groundspeed, or Faster Aircraft is in Front	5e. From ASD, Trailing Aircraft Groundspeed Must <u>NOT</u> be More Than 10 Knots Faster	
	5c. <u>From</u> Step #4, Both Aircraft Same Mach Number, or FASTER Mach AIRCRAFT IN FRONT	5f. From Step#4, Trailing Aircraft is <u>NOT</u> More ፲ኪ _{፡፡} ፬02 Mach Faster	
8.	Confirm that the Conflict is Same Direction or Same Direction Intersecting and that the Aircraft have the Appropriate Distance and Neither Aircraft is on a Course Deviation		
9.	Ensure that Blocking Aircraft is Same Aircraft as in Step #4		
10.	Check the 2 nd Profile Conflicts of the Maneuvering Aircraft. If There are ACTUAL or IMMINENT (RED) Conflicts with other Non-ITP Aircraft at Bither the Blocking or Target Attitude, Do <u>NOT</u> Execute <u>Procedure</u> , Ensure that OTHER Conflict(s) Will be Resolved Prior to any Loss of Separation		
11.	Ensure the Maneuvering Aircraft has Enough Time to Meet the Time Restriction in the Clearance. If ALL Conditions are Met, Issue Clearance		

ADS-C CDP Operational Trial

- ADS-C CDP will be evaluated during the operational trial to determine if requirements can be modified to improve operational usage
 - Allow larger altitude changes for a CDP target altitude (allow at least a 4000 foot altitude change to CDP target altitude or possibly allow unbounded altitude change)
 - Allow a larger initial vertical separation distance between maneuvering and blocking aircraft (e.g., allow 2000 feet vertical separation)

Thank you

Comments?
Questions?

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